§ 502.603

- (a) Assessment means the imposition of a civil penalty by order of the Commission after a formal docketed proceeding.
- (b) *Commission* means the Federal Maritime Commission.
- (c) *Compromise* means the process whereby a civil penalty for a violation is agreed upon by the respondent and the Commission outside of a formal, docketed proceeding.
- (d) *Mitigation* means the reduction, in whole or in part, of the amount of a civil penalty.
- (e) *Person* includes individuals, corporations, partnerships, and associations existing under or authorized by the laws of the United States or of a foreign country.
- (f) Respondent means any person charged with a violation.
- (g) Settlement means the process whereby a civil penalty or other disposition of the case for a violation is agreed to in a formal, docketed proceeding instituted by order of the Commission.
- (h) Violation includes any violation of sections 14 through 21 (except section 16 First and Third) of the Shipping Act, 1916; sections 19(6)(d), 19(7)(d) and 19(11) of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920; section 2 of the Intercoastal Shipping Act, 1933; any provision of the Shipping Act of 1984; sections 2 and 3 of Public Law 89-777; and/or any order, rule or regulation (except for procedural rules and regulations contained in this part) issued or made by the Commission in the exercise of its powers, duties and functions under the Shipping Act, 1916, the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, the Intercoastal Shipping Act, 1933, the Shipping Act of 1984, or Public Law 89-777.
- (i) Words in the plural form shall include the singular and vice versa; and words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine and vice versa. The terms "includes" and "including" do not exclude matters not listed but which are in the same general class. The word "and" includes "or", except where specifically stated or where the context requires otherwise.

§ 502.603 Assessment of civil penalties: Procedure; criteria for determining amount; limitations; relation to compromise.

- (a) Procedure for assessment of penalty. The Commission may assess a civil penalty only after notice and opportunity for hearing. Civil penalty assessment proceedings, including settlement negotiations, shall be governed by the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure in this part. All settlements must be approved by the Presiding Officer. The full text of any settlement must be included in the final order of the Commission.
- (b) Criteria for determining amount of penalty. In determining the amount of any penalties assessed, the Commission shall take into account the nature, circumstances, extent and gravity of the violation committed and the policies for deterrence and future compliance with the Commission's rules and regulations and the applicable statutes. The Commission shall also consider the respondent's degree of culpability, history of prior offenses, ability to pay and such other matters as justice requires.
- (c) Limitations; relation to compromise. When the Commission, in its discretion, determines that policy, justice or other circumstances warrant, a civil penalty assessment proceeding may be instituted at any time for any violation which occurred within five years prior to the issuance of the order of investigation. Such proceeding may also be instituted at any time after the initiation of informal compromise procedures, except where a compromise agreement for the same violations under the compromise procedures has become effective under § 502.604(e).

§ 502.604 Compromise of penalties: Relation to assessment proceedings.

- (a) *Scope.* Except in pending civil penalty assessment proceedings provided for in §502.603, the Commission, when it has reason to believe a violation has occurred, may invoke the informal compromise procedures of this section.
- (b) Notice. When the Commission considers it appropriate to afford an opportunity for the compromise of a civil penalty, it will, except when otherwise authorized by the Commission, or